

250mA Low Dropout Linear Voltage Regulator

• Features

- CMOS Low Power Consumption 5.0 μ A (TYP.)
- Dropout Voltage: 100mV @ 100mA 200mV @ 200mA
- Output Current: more than 250mA (5.0V type)
- Highly Accurate: \pm 2%
- Current Limiter Circuit Built-In
- Output Voltage Range: 1.5V to 5.0V

• Description

The RCR3132 series are precise, low power consumption, high voltage; positive voltage regulators manufactured using CMOS and laser trimming technologies. The series provides large currents with a significantly small dropout voltage. The RCR3132 series consists of a current limiter circuit, a driver transistor, a precision reference voltage and an error correction circuit.

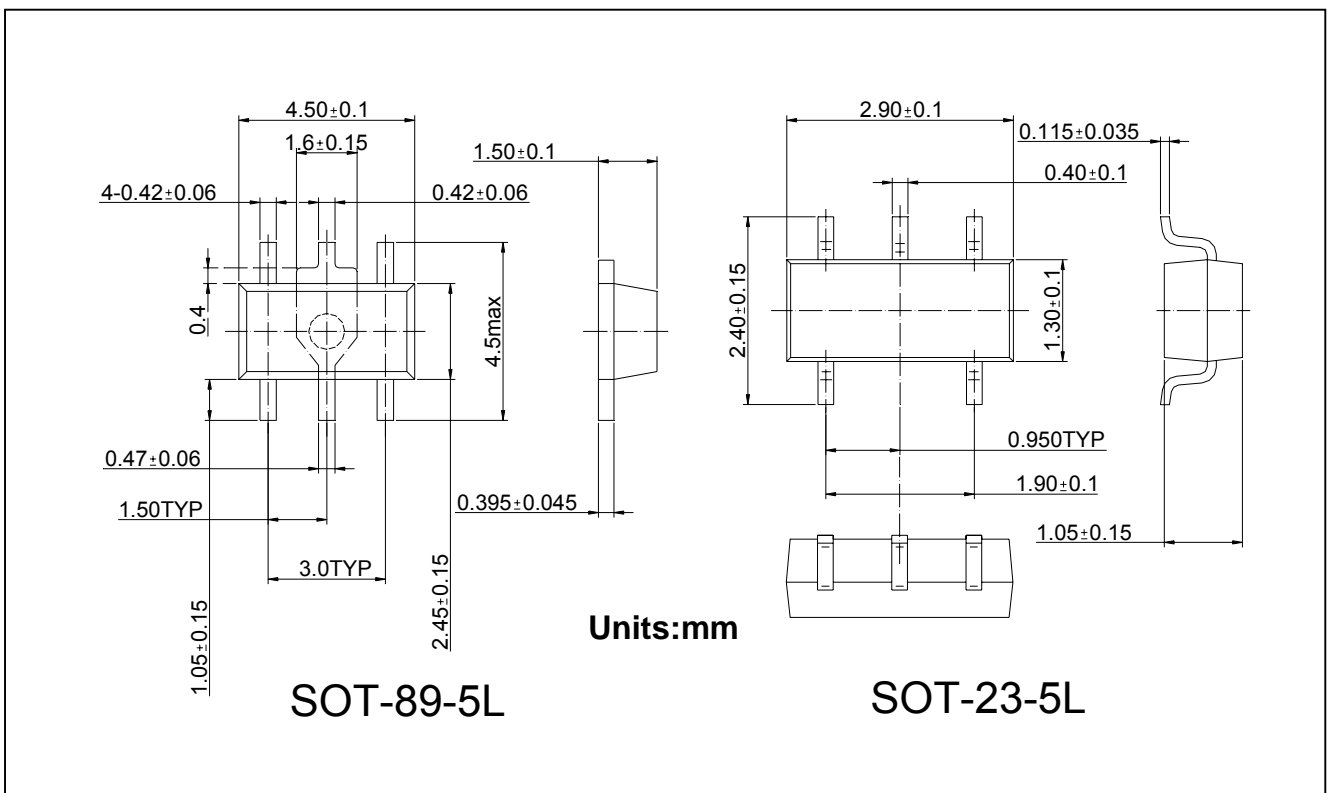
The current limiter's fold back circuit also operates as a short protect for the output current limiter and the output pin. Laser trimming technologies can set output voltage internally. It is selectable within a range of 1.5V to 5V.

SOT-23-5L and SOT-89-5L packages are available.

• Applications

- Battery powered equipment
- Reference voltage sources
- Cameras, Video cameras
- Portable AV systems
- Mobile phones
- Communication tools
- Portable games

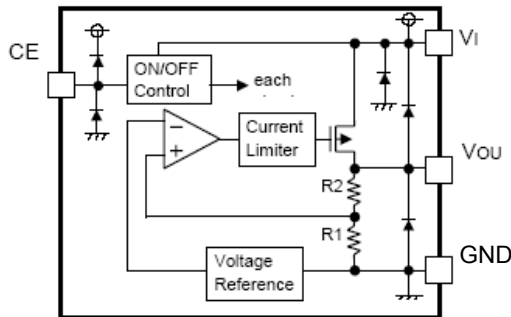
• Pin Configurations



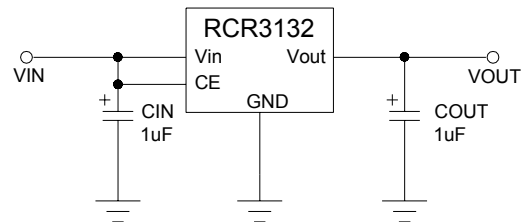
• Functional Pin Description

Pin Name	FUNCTION	Pin Name	
		SOT-89-5L	SOT-23-5L
V _{IN}	Input	4	1
V _{OUT}	Output	5	5
GND	Ground	2	2
CE	ON/OFF Control	3	3
NC	No Connection	1	4

Internal Block Diagram

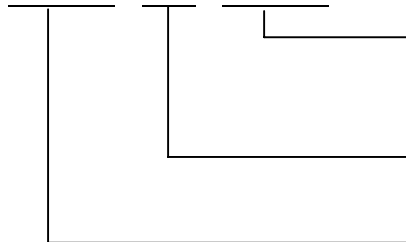


• Typical Application Circuit



Ordering information

RCR3132-



Package Type: SK: SOT-23-5L

SN: SOT-89-5L

Output Voltage Accuracy:

2: within $\pm 2\%$

Output Voltage

15=1.5V, 18=1.8V, 20=2.0V, 25=2.5V, 33=3.3V, 50=5.0V

• Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Value	Unit
Input Voltage	10	V
Output Current	500	mA
Output Voltage	$V_{SS}-0.3 \sim V_{IN}+0.3$	V
Operating Ambient Temperature	-40 to +85	
Storage Temperature	-55 to +125	
Continuous Total Power Dissipation	SOT-23-5L	250
	SOT-89-5L	500

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

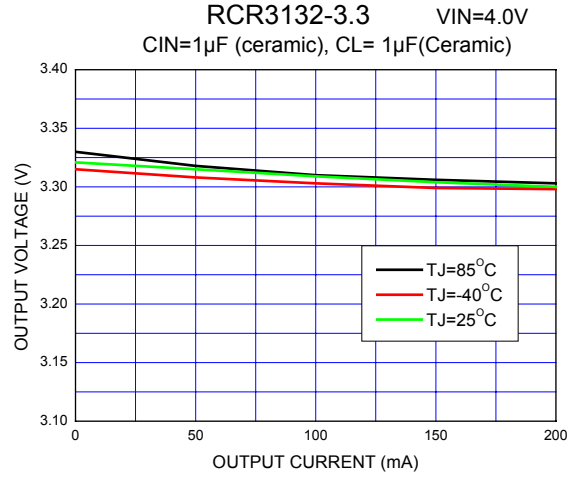
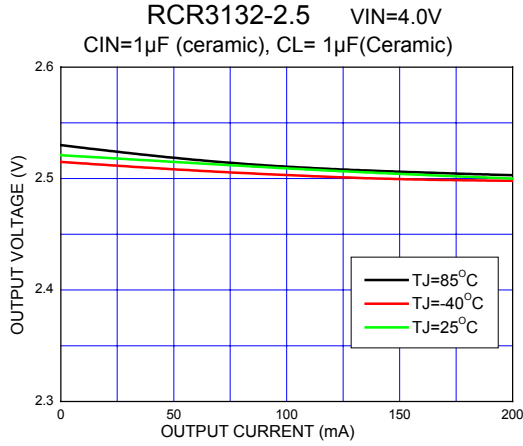
Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units	
Output Voltage(1)	$V_{OUT(E)}$ (NOTE2)	$I_{OUT}=40mA$	0.98	$V_{OUT(T)}$	1.02	V	
Maximum Output Current	I_{OUT}		200	--	--	mA	
Load Regulation	V_{OUT}	1mA I_{OUT} 100mA	--	25	--	mV	
Dropout Voltage	V_{dif1}	$I_{OUT}=30mA$	$V_{OUT} \geq 2.8V$	--	--	30	mV
			$V_{OUT}=2.5V$	--	--	50	
			$V_{OUT} < 1.8V$	--	--	250	
	V_{dif2}	$I_{OUT}=100mA$	$V_{OUT} \geq 2.8V$	--	--	100	mV
			$V_{OUT}=2.5V$	--	--	150	
			$V_{OUT} < 1.8V$	--	--	500	
Supply Current	I_{SS}	$V_{IN}=4.0V$	--	5.0		μA	
Standby Current	I_{stby}	$V_{IN}=V_{OUT(T)}+1.0V, V_{CE}=V_{SS}$		0.01	0.10	μA	
Line Regulations	$\frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{OUT} * V_{IN}}$	$I_{OUT}=40mA$ $V_{OUT(T)}+1.0V V_{IN} 6V$	--	0.01	0.3	%/V	
Input Voltage	V_{IN}		1.8	--	6	V	
Output Voltage Temperature Characteristics	$\frac{V_{OUT}}{Topr * V_{OUT}}$	$I_{OUT}=40mA$ -40 $Topr$ 85	--	± 100	--	ppm/	
Output Noise	e_n	$I_{OUT}=10mA, 300Hz-50kHz$		30		μV_{rms}	
Current Limiter	I_{short}	$V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+1.5V, V_{OUT}=V_{SS}$		100		mA	
Ripple-Rejection	$ RR $	$V_{IN}=V_{OUT}+3.0V, f = 120Hz$ $V_{PP}=1V, I_{OUT}=90mA$	60			dB	
CE "High" Voltage	V_{CEH}		1.6		V_{IN}	V	
CE "Low" Voltage	V_{CEL}				0.25	V	
CE "High" Current (A series)	I_{CEH}	$V_{IN}=V_{CE}=V_{OUT(T)}+1.0V$	-0.1		20	μA	
CE "High" Current (B series)	I_{CEH}	$V_{IN}=V_{CE}=V_{OUT(T)}+1.0V$	-0.1		0.10	μA	
CE "Low" Current	I_{CEL}	$V_{IN}=V_{OUT(T)}+1.0V, V_{CE}=V_{SS}$	-0.1		0.10	μA	

Note:

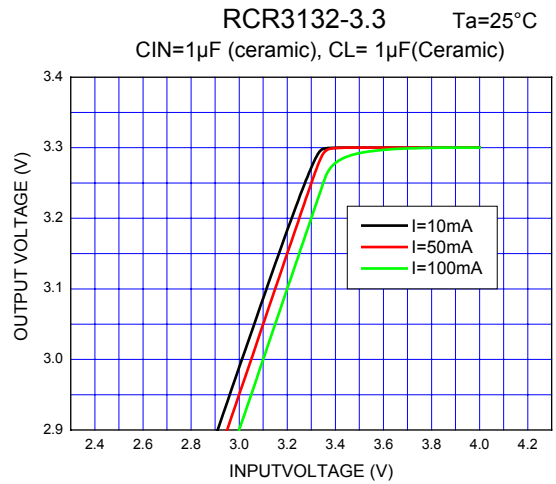
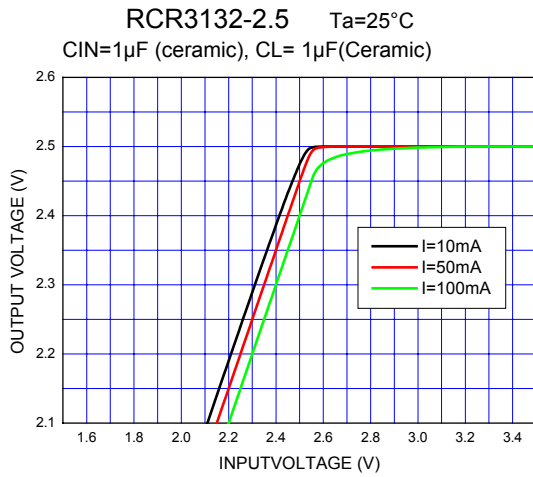
- $V_{OUT(T)}$ =Specified Output Voltage .
- $V_{OUT(E)}$ =Effective Output Voltage (i.e. the output voltage when " $V_{OUT(T)}+1.0V$ " is provided at the V_{IN} pin while maintaining a certain I_{OUT} value).
- $V_{dif} = \{V_{IN1} \text{ (Note5)} - V_{OUT1} \text{ (Note4)}\}$
- V_{OUT1} = A voltage equal to 98% of the Output Voltage whenever an amply stabilized $I_{OUT} \{V_{OUT(T)} + 1.0V\}$ is input.
- V_{IN1} = The Input Voltage when V_{OUT1} appears as Input Voltage is gradually decreased.
- Unless otherwise stated, $V_{IN} = V_{OUT(T)}+1.0V$

TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

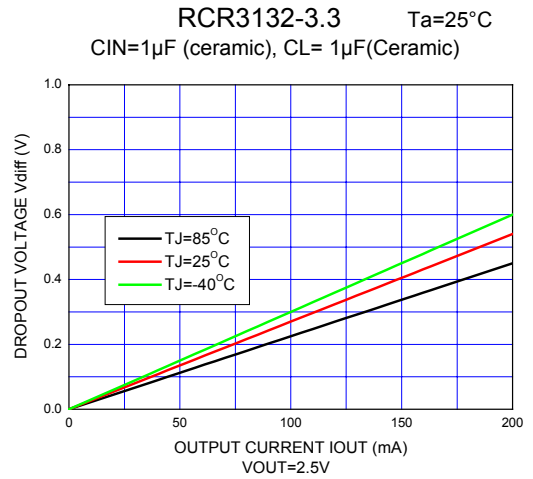
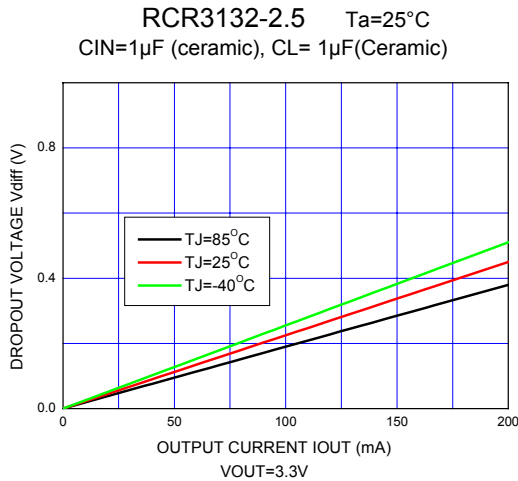
OUTPUT VOLTAGE vs. OUTPUT CURRENT



OUTPUT VOLTAGE vs. INPUT VOLTAGE



DROPOUT VOLTAGE vs. OUTPUT CURRENT



RIPPLE REJECTION RATE

RCR3132-3.3

 $V_{IN}=6V_{DC}+1V_{p-pAC}$ $C_{IN}=1\mu F$ (ceramic), $C_L=1\mu F$ (Ceramic)